### **PUBLIC ORDER AND SAFETY**

#### **Police Personnel**

Maintenance of peace and order is a shared responsibility between the national and local governments. It is one of main thrusts of every province.

Peace and order situation is an essential factor in measuring economic growth and development of localities. It can also be a deciding factor for local and foreign investors where to venture their investments.

Cavite Police Provincial Office is the lead agency in the implementing peace and order and internal security in the whole province. The provincial government works hand-in-hand with Cavite Police Provincial Office by providing logistical support in keeping the society peaceful and orderly.

As of 2105, the Cavite Provincial Police Office has a total of 2,118 police personnel consisting of 109 Police Commissioned Officers (PCOs) and 2,009 Police Non-Commissioned Officers (PNCOs).

Using the 2015 projected population of 3,840,054, the province has 1:1,813 police-to-population ratio showing a shortage of 1,722 uniformed personnel in accordance with police to population ratio is one policeman for every 1,000 population (for urban cities and municipalities. Based on the table, the biggest shortage can be observed in the City of Dasmariñas (484); followed by City of Bacoor (480) and municipality of Tanza (262). In terms of ratio, municipalities of Gen. Trias, Alfonso, Indang, Maragondon, Naic and Ternate

conform to the minimum standard of police-to-population ratio (Table 5AA).

**Table 5AA** Number of Policemen and Policeman-to-Population Ratio by Police Unit/Station, Province of Cavite: 2015

Unit/Station	Рор	Actual	Strength	Actual Total	Auth Strength		Vari	ance		ol-Pop
orm/oranon	100	PCO	PNCO	Strength	PCO	PNCO	PCO	PNCO	R	?atio
PHQ		25	118	143						
CPPSMC		7	163	170						
TOURIST POLICE UNIT		2	50	52						
1 <sup>st</sup> District										
Cavite CCPS	102,008	4	57	61		102		-41	1:	1,672
Kawit MPS	87,312	2	51	53		87		-34	1:	1,647
Noveleta MPS	47,595	2	34	36		48		-12	1:	1,322
Rosario MPS	103,238	2	56	58		103		-45	1:	1,780
2 <sup>nd</sup> District										
City of Bacoor CPS	678,623	7	192	199		679		-480	1:	3,410
3 <sup>rd</sup> District										
City of Imus CPS	374,667	6	146	152		375		-223	1:	2,465
4 <sup>th</sup> District										
Dasmarinas MPS	709,266	8	217	225		709		-484	1:	3,152
5 <sup>th</sup> District										
Carmona MPS	93,865	3	67	70		94		-24	1:	1,341
Gen. Mariano Alvarez	153,777	2	57	59		154		-95	1:	2,606
Silang MPS	249,640	5	108	113		250		-137	1:	2,209
6 <sup>th</sup> District										
Amadeo MPS	165,661	5	68	73		166		-93	1:	2,269
Gen. Trias MPS	38,146	2	39	41		38		3	1:	930
Tanza MPS	365,748	6	98	104		366		-262	1:	3517
Trece Martires City CCPS	246,680	3	75	78		247		-169	1:	3,163
7 <sup>th</sup> District										
Alfonso MPS	72,597	2	110	112		73		39	1:	648
Gen. E. Aguinaldo MPS	53,735	2	44	46		54		-8	1:	1,168
Indang MPS	19,355	2	34	36		19		17	1:	538
Magallanes MPS	68,222	2	41	43		68		-25	1:	1,587
Maragondon MPS	23,000	2	31	33		23		10	1:	697
Mendez MPS	37,514	2	33	35		38		-3	1:	1,072
Naic MPS	31,886	2	35	37		32		5	1:	862
Tagaytay CCPS	97,067	2	52	54		97		-43	1:	1,798
Ternate MPS	20,452	2	33	35		20		15	1:	584
Total	3,840,05	109	2,009	2,118		3,840		-1,722	1:	1,813

## $\Delta$ testament of good governance.

#### **Crime Volume**

Cavite Police Provincial Office reported that crime volume in Cavite increased from 8,725 in 2014 to 8,956 in 2015, of which, 4,035 are index crimes and 4,921 are non-index crimes.

The City of Dasmariñas had the highest number of crime incidents with 1,788 which accounted to 19.96 percent of the total crime volume. Followed by the City of Bacoor with 1,462 crime cases or 16.32 percent. It was followed by the City of Imus with 872 or 8.93 percent crime cases.

Evidently, the mostly populated and highly urbanized areas had the most numbers of crime incidence in the province of Cavite.

Meanwhile, the least number of reported crimes are in the municipalities of Magallanes and Maragondon with 35 and 68 cases, respectively (Table 5AB).

The total crime volume increased by 2.65 percent from 2014 to 2015. Index crimes posted a decrease of 333 or -7.62 percent from 2014 to 2015, but non-index crimes increased by 564 or 12.94 percent.

As defined by the Philippine National Police (PNP), index crimes include crimes against persons, such as murder, homicide, physical injury and rape; and crimes against property, such as robbery, theft, carnapping/carjacking and cattle rustling. Non-index crimes, on the other hand, are violations of special laws, such as illegal logging or local ordinances.

**Table 5AB** Crime Solution Efficiency by City/Municipality: 2014 and 2015

City/Musicipality	Index	Crimes	Non-Index	Crimes	Crime Volume		
City/Municipality	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	
1 <sup>st</sup> District	502	396	641	637	1,143	1,033	
Cavite City	167	143	298	250	465	393	
Kawit	96	83	103	169	199	252	
Noveleta	104	78	77	86	181	164	
Rosario	135	92	163	132	298	224	
2 <sup>nd</sup> District	632	652	628	810	1,260	1,462	
City of Bacoor	632	652	628	810	1,260	1,462	
3 <sup>rd</sup> District	360	388	419	484	779	872	
Imus	360	388	419	484	779	872	
4 <sup>th</sup> District	1,189	959	756	829	1,945	1,788	
City of Dasmariñas	1,189	959	756	829	1,945	1,788	
5 <sup>th</sup> District	486	495	601	655	1,087	1,150	
Carmona	42	62	52	75	94	137	
Gen. Mariano Alvarez	99	125	168	131	267	256	
Silang	345	308	381	449	726	757	
6 <sup>th</sup> District	701	682	741	881	1,442	1,563	
Trece Martires City	125	137	116	164	241	301	
Amadeo	45	32	42	70	87	102	
City of Gen. Trias	332	354	323	420	655	774	
Tanza	199	159	260	227	459	386	
7 <sup>th</sup> District	498	463	571	625	1,069	1,088	
Tagaytay City	162	162	123	130	285	292	
Alfonso	51	30	72	62	123	92	
Gen. E. Aguinaldo	19	35	29	42	48	77	
Indang	97	70	89	99	186	169	
Magallanes	16	15	13	20	29	35	
Maragondon	25	17	37	51	62	68	
Mendez	34	42	56	58	90	100	
Naic	72	68	111	94	183	162	
Ternate	22	24	41	69	63	93	
Total	4,368	4,035	4,357	4,921	8,725	8,956	



### **Average Monthly Crime Rate**

Based on the report, the average monthly crime rate (AMCR) in 2015 was posted at 19.44 percent. This means that for every 100,000 people, there was provincial average of around 19 incidents of crime every month. This result indicates that peace and order situation in the province is considered manageable. It is a positive indication that members of the police force are effectively taking action against major crimes that have occurred in the province.

The highest AMCR was registered at Ternate with 37.89 percent, while Carmona has the least crime incidents with 12.16 percent in a month. City of Bacoor, being one of the most populous cities in the province, had low average monthly crime rate of 17.95 percent. It indicates that the respective police stations are efficient and effective in maintaining the peace and order in their area of jurisdictions (Table 5AC).

## **Crime Solution Efficiency**

A criminal case is considered solved when: 1) the offender has been identified, taken into custody, and charged before the prosecutor's office based on sufficient evidence against the accused; 2) when some elements beyond police control prevent the arrest of the offender, such as when the victim refuses to prosecute after the offender is identified, dies or absconds; and 3) the arrest of one offender can solve several crimes or several offenders may be arrested in the process of solving one crime.

Maragondon, Rosario, and Carmona have the highest crime solution efficiencies in the province with 69.12 percent, 62.05 percent and 60.58 percent, respectively. Meanwhile, municipalities with lowest crime solution efficiencies are City of Bacoor (26.81%) and Tagaytay City(27.40%) (Table 5AC).

**Table 5AC** Average Monthly Crime Rate and Crime Solution Efficiency by City/Municipality, Province of Cavite: 2015

City/Municipality	Population		Total Crime			
City/iviuriicipality	ropulation	Volume	Solved	EFF%	(%)	
1 <sup>st</sup> District						
Cavite City	102,008	393	206	52.42	32.11	
Kawit	87,312	252	110	43.65	24.05	
Noveleta	47,595	164	58	35.37	28.71	
Rosario	103,238	224	139	62.05	18.08	
2 <sup>nd</sup> District						
City of Bacoor	678,623	1462	392	26.81	17.95	
3 <sup>rd</sup> District						
Imus	374,667	872	302	34.63	19.39	
4 <sup>th</sup> District						
City of Dasmariñas	709,266	1788	491	27.46	21.01	
5 <sup>th</sup> District						
Carmona	93,865	137	83	60.58	12.16	
Gen. Mariano Alvarez	153,777	256	146	57.03	13.87	
Silang	249,640	757	209	27.61	25.27	
6 <sup>th</sup> District						
Trece Martires City	165,661	301	106	35.22	15.14	
, Amadeo	38,146	102	39	38.24	22.28	
City of Gen. Trias	365,748	774	294	37.98	17.64	
Tanza	246,680	386	144	37.31	13.04	
7 <sup>th</sup> District						
Tagaytay City	72,597	292	80	27.40	33.52	
Alfonso	53,735	92	39	42.39	14.27	
Gen. E. Aguinaldo	19,355	77	34	44.16	33.15	
Indang	68,222	169	72	42.60	20.64	
Magallanes	23,000	35	15	42.86	12.68	
Maragondon	37,514	68	47	69.12	15.11	
Mendez	31,886	100	48	48.00	26.13	
Naic	97,067	162	78	48.15	13.91	
Ternate	20,452	93	39	41.94	37.89	
Total	3,840,054	8956	3171	35.41	19.44	

## D testament of good governance.

#### **Index Crimes**

Index crimes involve (1) crimes against persons such as murder, homicide, physical injury and rape, and (2) crimes against property such as robbery, theft, carnapping/carjacking, and cattle rustling.

In 2015, a total of 1,672 cases have been recorded under Crimes Against Persons (CAPER) which are categorized as follows: Murder, with 408 cases (24.40%); homicide, with 59 cases (3.53%); physical injuries, the highest with 909 cases (54.37%); and rape, with 296 cases (17.70%). Crimes Against Property totaled to 2,363 cases, of which, 719 incidents or 30.43% are robbery cases; 1,268 incidents, equivalent to 53.66%, are theft cases: 375 cases, or 15.87 percent, are carnapping incidents; and 1 case under Republic Act 533 with 0.04 percent.

The City of Dasmariñas, being the most populated city in the province, registered the highest incidents in all crimes against person and crime against property with 959 combined cases. This can be attributed to the increasing in-migration of people from nearby provinces and development of business and commercial establishments in the area. From the crimes against person, physical injuries is the most rampant, while theft is

the most extensive in crimes against property (Table 5AD).

**Table 5AD** Number of Index Crimes by City/Municipality, Province of Cavite: 2015

	Crimes Against Persons			Crimes Against Property				Index			
City/Municipality	Murder	Homicide	Physical Injury	Rape	Total	Robbery	Theft	RA 6539	RA 533	Total	Crime
1 <sup>st</sup> District	45	4	96	36	181	55	136	24	0	215	396
Cavite City	16	0	52	11	79	15	45	4	0	64	143
Kawit	9	2	13	14	38	15	21	9	0	45	83
Noveleta	13	1	12	1	27	18	25	8	0	51	78
Rosario	7	1	19	10	37	7	45	3	0	55	92
2 <sup>nd</sup> District	37	13	135	38	223	101	262	66	0	429	652
City of Bacoor	37	13	135	38	223	101	262	66	0	429	652
3 <sup>rd</sup> District	38	1	95	31	165	62	111	50	0	223	388
City of Imus	38	1	95	31	165	62	111	50	0	223	388
4 <sup>th</sup> District	104	14	235	44	397	187	290	85	0	562	959
City of Dasmariñas	104	14	235	44	397	187	290	85	0	562	959
5 <sup>th</sup> District	42	12	88	39	181	121	149	43	1	314	495
Carmona	5	1	14	2	22	9	28	3	0	40	62
Gen. Mariano Alvarez	13	0	27	5	45	33	33	14	0	80	125
Silang	24	11	47	32	114	79	88	26	1	194	308
6 <sup>th</sup> District	96	11	151	68	326	125	166	65	0	356	682
Trece Martires City	20	3	26	10	59	31	33	14	0	78	137
Amadeo	7	0	5	4	16	9	6	1	0	16	32
City of Gen. Trias	35	5	83	36	159	67	94	34	0	195	354
Tanza	34	3	37	18	92	18	33	16	0	67	159
7 <sup>th</sup> District	46	4	109	40	199	68	154	42	0	264	463
Tagaytay City	9	1	19	10	39	27	82	14	0	123	162
Alfonso	4	0	10	2	16	6	5	3	0	14	30
Gen. E. Aguinaldo	2	0	12	9	23	1	9	2	0	12	35
Indang	6	1	17	6	30	19	17	4	0	40	70
Magallanes	0	0	5	3	8	3	4	0	0	7	15
Maragondon	6	1	3	2	12	0	3	2	0	5	17
Mendez	0	0	18	2	20	5	13	4	0	22	42
Naic	16	1	11	4	32	7	16	13	0	36	68
Ternate	3	0	14	2	19	0	5	0	0	5	24
Total	408	59	909	296	1672	719	1,268	375	1	2363	4,035



### FIRE PROTECTION SERVICES



The Bureau of Fire Protection was created by virtue of Republic Act 6975 primarily to perform the following functions:

- 1. Be responsible for the prevention and suppression of all destructive fires on Building, houses and other structures, forest, land transportation vehicles and equipment, ships or vessels docked at piers or wharves anchored in major seaports, petroleum industry installations, plane crashes and other similar activities;
- 2. Be responsible for the enforcement of the Fire Code of the Philippines (RA 9514) and other related laws;
- 3. Shall have the power to investigate all causes of fires and if necessary, file the proper complaint with the city or provincial prosecutor who has jurisdiction of the case;
- 4. In time of national emergency, all elements of the BFP shall upon direction of the President, assist the AFP in meeting the national emergency; and
- 5. Shall establish at least one (1) fire station with adequate personnel, firefighting facilities and equipment in every provincial capital, city and municipality subject to standard rules and regulations as maybe promulgated by the DILG.

There are 292 fire personnel in the province composed of 16 fire officers, 272 non-officers and four (4) non-uniformed personnel. The fireman-to-population ratio of the province is at 1:14,015 in 2015. This made Cavite deficient of 1,646 firemen based on the ideal and internationally accepted ratio of one fireman to two thousand inhabitants (1:2,000). Recruitment of additional firemen is of great importance to deliver sufficient, fast and efficient services to the populace. (Tables 5AE and 5AF).

**Table 5AE** Number of Fire Personnel by City/Municipality, Province of Cavite: 2015

City / My unique ality		Number of Firen	nan	
City/Municipality	Officer Non-Officer		NUP	Total
OPD/EMSRU	2	14	2	18
1 <sup>st</sup> District	3	38	0	41
Cavite City	1	12	0	13
Kawit	1	8	0	9
Noveleta	0	8	0	8
Rosario	1	10	0	11
2 <sup>nd</sup> District	1	19	0	20
City of Bacoor	1	19	0	20
3 <sup>rd</sup> District	1	18	0	19
City of Imus	1	18	0	19
4 <sup>th</sup> District	1	19	0	20
City of Dasmariñas	1	19	0	20
5 <sup>th</sup> District	3	47	0	50
Carmona	!	11	0	12
Gen. M. Alvarez	!	15	0	16
Silang	l	21	0	22
6 <sup>th</sup> District	3	51	0	54
Trece Martires City	1	18	0	19
Amadeo	0	9	0	9
City of Gen. Trias	1	15 9	0	16
Tanza	1	•	0 <b>2</b>	10
7 <sup>th</sup> District	<b>2</b> 1	<b>66</b> 15	0	<b>70</b> 16
Tagaytay City	0	12	0	12
Alfonso	0	9	0	9
Gen. Emilio Aguinaldo	0	5	1	6
Indang	0	0	0	0
Magallanes*	0	7	0	7
Maragondon Mendez	0	9	0	9
Naic	1	8	1	10
Ternate*	0	1	0	10
	16	·	4	·
Total	10	272	4	292

Source: Cavite Bureau of Fire Protection, City of Imus Notes: Gen. Aguinaldo - Concurrent at Alfonso FS

Magallanes - Concurrent at Alfonso FS Ternate - Concurrent at Maragondon FS

## D testament of good governance.

 Table 5AF
 Fire Personnel Requirement by City/Municipality, Province of Cavite: 2015

	2015	ldeal	wamerpa	Current		man to
City/Municipality	Projected	Strength	Actual	Needs		ulation
	Population					tatio
1st District	340,154	170	41	129	1	8,296
Cavite City	102,008	51	13	38	1 :	7,847
Kawit	87,312	44	9	35	1 :	9,701
Noveleta	47,595	24	8	16	1 :	5,949
Rosario	103,238	52	11	41	1 :	9,385
2 <sup>nd</sup> District	678,623	339	20	319	1	33,931
City of Bacoor	678,623	339	20	319	1 :	33,931
3 <sup>rd</sup> District	374,667	187	19	168	1	19,719
City of Imus	374,667	187	19	168	1 :	19,719
4 <sup>th</sup> District	709,266	355	20	335	1	35,463
City of Dasmariñas	709,266	355	20	335	1 :	35,463
5 <sup>th</sup> District	497,281	249	50	199	1	9,946
Carmona	93,865	47	12	35	1 :	7,822
Gen. Mariano Alvarez	153,777	77	16	61	1 :	144,44
Silang	249,640	125	22	103	1 :	11,347
6 <sup>th</sup> District	816,235	408	54	354	1	15,115
Trece Martires City	165,661	83	19	64	1 :	8,719
Amadeo	38,146	19	9	10	1 :	38,146
City of Gen. Trias	365,748	183	16	167	1 :	22,859
Tanza	246,680	123	10	113	1 :	24,668
7 <sup>th</sup> District	423,829	212	70	142	1	6,055
Tagaytay City	72,597	36	16	20	1 :	4,537
Alfonso	53,735	27	12	15	1 :	4,478
Gen. Aguinaldo*	19,355	10	9	1	1 :	19,355
Indang	68,222	34	6	28	1 :	11,370
Magallanes**	23,000	12	0	12	0 :	23,000
Maragondon	37,514	19	7	12	1 :	5,359
Mendez	31,886	16	9	7	1 :	3,543
Naic	97,067	49	10	39	1 :	9,707
Ternate***	20,452	10	1	9	1 :	20,452
Total	3,840,054	1,920	274	1,646	1 :	14,015

Source: Cavite Bureau of Fire Protection, City of Imus

There are 38 firetrucks in the province, of which, 31 units are serviceable. These are distributed among the 12 municipalities and six (6) cities (Table 5AG). Although not all municipalities have firetrucks, they are being covered by their nearby municipalities that have firetrucks. Despite of insufficiency of firemen and firetrucks, firefighting units of Cavite BFP managed to control incidences of fire in the province.

**Table 5AG** Number of Firetrucks by City/Municipality, Province of Cavite: 2015

of Cavite, 2015								
	FIRETRUCK							
City/Municipality	Service able	Unservice able	Beyond Economic Repair	Under Repair	Total			
1 <sup>st</sup> District	5	0	1	1	7			
Cavite City	1	0	1	1	3			
Kawit	1	0	0	0	1			
Noveleta	1	0	0	0	1			
Rosario	2	0	0	0	2			
2 <sup>nd</sup> District	3	0	0	1	4			
City of Bacoor	3	0	0	1	4			
3 <sup>rd</sup> District	1	0	0	0	1			
City of Imus	1	0	0	0	1			
4 <sup>th</sup> District	2	0	0	0	2			
City of Dasmariñas	2	0	0	0	2			
5 <sup>th</sup> District	8	0	0	0	8			
Carmona	2	0	0	0	2			
Gen. Mariano Alvarez	4	0	0	0	4			
Silang	2	0	0	0	2			
6 <sup>th</sup> District	4	2	0	0	6			
Trece Martires City	2	0	0	0	2			
Amadeo	1	0	0	0	1			
City of Gen. Trias	1	1	0	0	2			
Tanza	0	1	0	0	1			
7 <sup>th</sup> District	8	1	0	1	10			
Tagaytay City	2	0	0	0	2			
Alfonso	2	1	0	0	3			
Gen. E. Aguinaldo	1	0	0	0	1			
Indang	0	0	0	0	0			
Magallanes	0	0	0	0	0			
Maragondon	2	0	0	0	2			
Mendez	1	0	0	0	1			
Naic	0	0	0	1	1			
Ternate	0	0	0	0	0			
Total	31	3	1	3	38			

Source: Cavite Bureau of Fire Protection, City of Imus



As reported by the Cavite Bureau of Fire Protection, the fire incidents increased to 420 in 2015 from 279 in 2014 which represents 50.54 percent increase in the number of fire. The table shows that major cause of fire incidents is Open Flame due to Torch/Sulo with 219 cases or 52.14% of the total fire incidents reported. It is also noted that 300 out of 420 fires were classified as Accidental in terms of motives of fire incidence, while the remaining 78 cases were under investigation and 42 cases were undetermined (Table 5AI). The office recorded 236 forest/grass and 184 structural cases as to nature of fire (Table 5AJ).

Cavite Bureau of Fire Protection educates citizens on fire safety and prevention through meetings and dialogues with the barangays to orient their constituents on the importance of fire safety consciousness within the community, particularly by practicing known fire safety measures and eradicating all fire hazards in their premises. Fire prevention activities such as fire drills are being conducted among establishments which have led to the organization of company fire brigades whose members are their workers/employees. Cavite BFP administers the annual celebration of Fire Prevention Month held every March.



**Table 5AH** Causes of Fire, Province of Cavite: 2014 and 2015

Causes of Fire	2014	2015
Electrical Connection	51	41
Electrical Machinery	0	2
Spontaneous Combustion / Woodscrap	0	3
Unattended Cooking/Stove	0	2
Unattended Lighted Candle/Gasera	0	20
Open Flame due to Torch/Sulo	103	219
Direct Flame Contact/Static Electricity	21	1
LPG Explosion/ LPG Leak	3	6
Lighted Cigarette Butt	3	2
Pyrotechnics	0	2
Lighted Matchstick/Lighter	0	2
Under Investigation	83	78
Others	15	42
TOTAL	279	420

Source: Cavite Bureau of Fire Protection, City of Imus

**Table 5Al** Motives of Fire Incidence, Province of Cavite: 2014 and 2015

Motives of Fire Incidence	2014	2015
Intentional Fire	0	0
Accidental Fire	196	300
Undetermined	0	42
Fire Cases Under Investigation	83	78
Total	279	420

Source: Cavite Bureau of Fire Protection, City of Imus

**Table 5AJ** Nature of Fire, Province of Cavite: 2014 and 2015

Nature of Fire	2014	2015
Structural	264	184
Forest/Grass	15	236
Total	279	420

Source: Cavite Bureau of Fire Protection, City of Imus

## Detestament of good governance.

## **JAIL OPERATION**

Detainees are the fugitive from justice, or person detained awaiting investigation or trial and/or transfer to the national penitentiary, and/or violent mentally-ill person who endangers himself or the safety of others, duly certified by the proper medical or health officer, pending the transfer in the medical institution.

Every city and municipal police station has their respective lock-up cells for the custody and safekeeping of prisoners and detainees.

The Bureau of Jail Management and Penology (BJMP), which is also called the Jail Bureau, supervise and control over all city and municipal jails. On the other hand, the provincial jail is supervised by the provincial government. The Provincial Jail is located at Trece Martires City which accommodates the sentenced and detrained prisoners into their custody for security and rehabilitation. The inmates are provided with skills trainings in preparation for their release from the prison; medical, dental and optical health services; and spiritual renewal programs. The provincial jail also coordinates with Provincial Attorney's Office (PAO), Office of the Provincial Prosecutor (OPP) and concerned agencies for speedy trials of the inmates, especially those who languish in jail for more than two (2) years. Cavite has a total of 39 jails in the province, composed of 1 (one) provincial jail, 12 BJMP and 26 lockup cells (Table 5AK).

**Table 5AK** Number of Detention Cell/Jail by City/Municipality Province of Cavite: 2015

City/Municipality	PNP Managed Detention Cell	ВЈМР	Provincial Jail	Total
1 <sup>st</sup> District	4	1	0	5
Cavite City	1	1	0	2
Kawit	1	0	0	1
Noveleta	1	0	0	1
Rosario	1	0	0	1
2 <sup>nd</sup> District	1	1	0	2
City of Bacoor	1	1	0	2
3 <sup>rd</sup> District	1	1	0	2
City of Imus	1	1	0	2
4 <sup>th</sup> District	1	1	0	2
City of Dasmariñas	1	1	0	2
5 <sup>th</sup> District	4	3	0	7
Carmona	1	1	0	2
Gen. Mariano Alvarez	1	1	0	2
Silang	2	1	0	3
6 <sup>th</sup> District	6	3	1	10
Amadeo	1	0	0	1
City of Gen. Trias	3	1	0	4
Tanza	1	1	0	2
Trece Martires City	1	1	1	3
7 <sup>th</sup> District	9	2	0	11
Alfonso	1	0	0	1
Gen. E. Aguinaldo	1	0	0	1
Indang	1	0	0	1
Magallanes	1	0	0	1
Maragondon	1	0	0	1
Mendez	1	0	0	1
Naic	1	1	0	2
Tagaytay City	1	1	0	2
Ternate	1	0	0	1
Total	26	12	1	39



As of December 2015, there are 1,481 detainees in the province. The Provincial Jail, being the rehabilitation zone of sentenced prisoners, has the most number of detainees with 854 or 57.66% of the total detainees. It was followed by City of Bacoor Police Station with 69 or 4.66% and City of Dasmariñas Police Station with 66 or 4.465 of the total detainees .(Table 5AL).

Out of 1,481, there are 195 female detainees representing 13.17% of the total prisoners.

The data revealed that the most number of inmates are those in the age bracket 33-39 with 285 persons. It is followed by age brackets 26-32 and 40-46 with 283 and 263 prisoners respectively (Table 5AM). There were no reported detainees in age bracket 17 and below. Youth offenders in this age brackets were under custody of the Department of Social Welfare and Development for proper care and counseling.

**Table 5AL** Number of Detainees by Sex and City/Municipality, Province of Cavite: December 2015

City/Municipality Police Stations	Male	Female	Total
Provincial Jail	740	114	854
1 <sup>st</sup> District	60	16	76
Cavite City	25	6	31
Kawit	21	7	28
Noveleta	5	0	5
Rosario	9	3	12
2 <sup>nd</sup> District	63	6	69
City of Bacoor	63	6	69
3 <sup>rd</sup> District	30	1	31
City of Imus	30	1	31
4 <sup>th</sup> District	61	5	66
City of Dasmariñas	61	5	66
5 <sup>th</sup> District	61	6	67
Carmona	10	2	12
Gen. Mariano Alvarez	20	2	22
Silang	31	2	33
6 <sup>th</sup> District	180	29	209
Amadeo	12	0	12
Gen. Trias (San Francisco)	0	14	14
Gen. Trias (Manggahan)	28	0	28
Gen. Trias (Bacao)	56	0	56
Tanza	40	4	44
Trece Martires City	44	11	55
7 <sup>th</sup> District	91	18	109
Alfonso	6	0	6
Gen. Aguinaldo	1	7	8
Indang	18	0	18
Magallanes	2	1	3
Maragondon	9	0	9
Mendez	11	1	12
Naic	27	5	32
Tagaytay City	8	2	10
Ternate	9	2	11
Total	1,286	195	1,481

# $\Delta$ testament of good governance.

**Table 5AM** Number of Inmates by Age Bracket and City/Municipality, Province of Cavite: 2015

City/Municipality	17 & Below	18-25	26-32	33-39	40-46	47-53	54-59	60-65	66-70	71 - Above	Total
Provincial Jail	0	126	139	118	174	124	73	66	31	3	854
1 <sup>st</sup> District	0	12	18	20	12	7	5	0	2	0	76
Cavite City	0	1	10	11	2	3	3	0	1	0	31
Kawit	0	6	8	8	3	1	2	0	0	0	28
Noveleta	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	5
Rosario	0	4	0	1	4	2	0	0	1	0	12
2 <sup>nd</sup> District	0	12	19	18	8	6	4	1	1	0	69
City of Bacoor	0	12	19	18	8	6	4	1	1		69
3 <sup>rd</sup> District	0	7	6	9	4	3	2	0	0	0	31
City of Imus	0	7	6	9	4	3	2	0	0	0	31
4 <sup>th</sup> District	0	15	23	12	8	5	1	1	0	1	66
City of Dasmariñas	0	15	23	12	8	5	1	1	0	1	66
5 <sup>th</sup> District	0	14	15	21	6	9	1	0	1	0	67
Carmona	0	1	4	5	0	1	0	0	1	0	12
Gen. Mariano Alvarez	0	8	3	7	2	2	0	0	0	0	22
Silang	0	5	8	9	4	6	1	0	0	0	33
6 <sup>th</sup> District	0	33	43	59	32	25	13	3	1	0	209
Amadeo	0	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	12
Gen. Trias (San Francisco)	0	3	4	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	14
Gen. Trias (Manggahan)	0	8	6	8	2	4	0	0	0	0	28
Gen. Trias (Bacao)	0	9	14	11	8	8	5	1	0	0	56
Tanza	0	5	4	21	8	3	3	0	0	0	44
Trece Martires City	0	5	12	14	10	8	4	1	1	0	55
7 <sup>th</sup> District	0	23	20	28	19	11	6	2	0	0	109
Alfonso	0	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	6
Gen. Aguinaldo	0	2	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	8
Indang	0	4	2	5	3	3	1	0	0	0	18
Magallanes	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	3
Maragondon	0	2	2	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	9
Mendez	0	2	2	5	2	0	1	0	0	0	12
Naic	0	6	5	11	4	4	1	1	0	0	32
Tagaytay City	0	2	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	10
Ternate	0	3	3	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	11
Total	0	242	283	285	263	190	105	73	36	4	1481



Article II of the 1987 Philippine Constitution specifically provides that the State values human dignity and guarantees full respect for human rights. This underscores that all persons are born with human dignity and inherent rights and that no one loses his dignity and these rights regardless of what he or she may have done. This policy of the state applies particularly to the treatment of prisoners and detainees under the correctional system they are in. Though prisoners, they are still endowed with the same basic rights for human rights in common parlance are rights inherent in the nature of every individual without which he cannot live as a human being.

In Cavite, jail congestion has been one of the major problems faced by prisoners in almost all cell detentions where they in.

In 2015, three (3) areas were able to comply with the standard cell area for the detainees, which is 4.7 square meters per one (1) inmate. These include Kawit, Carmona, and Gen. Trias (San Francisco).

Also in the same year, there is a combined total cell area of 1,366.41 square meters in all municipal, city and provincial jail in the province. Provincial total falls below the "ideal" jail density of 4.7 square meters per inmate with 2.78 square meters for every inmate. The province needs a total cell area of 5,594.29 square meters to address jail congestion (Table 5AN).

There are a total of 3,394 prisoners under the custody of 14 detention cells of BJMP in Cavite in December 2015. Cities of Imus and Bacoor jails have a separate detention area for female detainees. There is a need for additional detention area of 17,357.70sq. m. to

meet the 18,771.80 sq. meter ideal cell area requirement of inmates.

 Table 5AN
 Jail Congestion by City/Municipality, Province of Cavite: As of December 2015

City/Municipality	Jail Population	Floor Area (sq.m.)	Cell Area (sq.m.)	Actual Area per Inmate (sq.m.)	ldeal Cell Area (sq.m.)	Backlog (sq.m.)
Provincial Jail	854	1,000.00	250.88	1.17	4,013.80	3,762.92
1 <sup>st</sup> District						
Cavite City	31	88.00	108.00	2.84	145.70	37.70
Kawit	28	94.00	13.39	3.36	131.60	118.21
Noveleta	5	110.00	30.00	22.00	23.50	-6.50
Rosario	12	25.73	22.00	2.14	56.40	34.40
2 <sup>nd</sup> District						
City of Bacoor	69	235.00	100.12	3.41	324.30	224.18
3 <sup>rd</sup> District						
City of Imus	31	151.20	88.74	4.88	145.70	56.96
4 <sup>th</sup> District		10.00	10.00	0.15	010.00	200.00
City of Dasmariñas	66	10.00	10.00	0.15	310.20	300.20
5 <sup>th</sup> District	10	150.00	114.00	10.47	E 4 40	E7 40
	12 22	152.00 320.22	114.00 100.70	12.67 14.56	56.40 103.40	-57.60 2.70
Gen. Mariano Alvarez Silang	33	7.00	7.00	0.21	155.10	148.10
6 <sup>th</sup> District	33	7.00	7.00	0.21	155.10	140.10
Amadeo	12	120.00	12.00	10.00	56.40	44.40
Gen. Trias (San Francisco)	14	68.70	68.70	4.91	65.80	-2.90
Gen. Trias (Manggahan)	28	18.00	18.00	0.64	131.60	113.60
Gen. Trias (Bacao)	56	119.98	58.00	2.14	263.20	205.20
Tanza	44	126.50	20.00	2.88	206.80	186.80
Trece Martires City	55	496.00	114.00	9.02	258.50	144.50
7 <sup>th</sup> District		., 5.55		,. <u>.</u> _	200.00	
Alfonso	6	15.70	15.70	2.62	28.20	12.50
Gen. Aguinaldo	8	100.00	10.00	12.50	37.60	27.60
Indang	18	30.00	25.00	1.67	84.60	59.60
Magallanes	3	116.00	10.00	38.67	14.10	4.10
Maragondon	9	160.00	21.14	17.78	42.30	21.16
Mendez	12	100.00	22.50	8.33	56.40	33.90
Naic	32	343.50	93.10	10.73	150.40	57.30
Tagaytay City	10	97.94	14.82	9.79	47.00	32.18
Ternate	11	18.62	18.62	1.69	51.70	33.08
Total	1481	4,124.09	1,366.41	2.78	6,960.70	5,594.29

# Detestament of good governance.

 Table 5AO
 Jail Congestion in Bureau of Jail and Management Penology, Province of Cavite: December 2015

City/Municipality	Jail Population	Floor Area (sq.m.)	Cell Area (sq.m.)	Actual Area per Inmate	Ideal Cell Area	Backlog
Cavite City District Jail	392	180	92.31	0.46	1,842.40	1,750.09
Bacoor City Jail (Female Detention)	64	46	46	0.72	300.80	254.80
Bacoor City Jail (Male Detention)	568	141	141	0.25	2,669.60	2,528.60
Dasmarinas Municipal Jail	459	600	243	1.31	2,157.30	1,914.51
Imus Municipal Jail (Female Detention)	70	100	80	1.43	329.00	249.00
Imus Municipal Jail (Male Detention)	492	190	139	0.39	2,312.40	2,173.55
Tagaytay City Jail	289	223.8	67.85	0.77	1,358.30	1,290.45
Trece Martires City Jail	242	496.28	114	2.05	1,137.40	1,023.40
Carmona Municipal Jail	103	333	78	3.23	484.10	406.60
Gen. Trias Municipal Jail	246	119.98	58	0.49	1,156.20	1,098.20
GMA Municipal Jail	294	142	110	0.48	1,381.80	1,272.10
Naic Municipal Jail	285	344	105	1.21	1,339.50	1,234.40
Silang Municipal Jail	232	110	104	0.47	1,090.40	986.40
Tanza Municipal Jail	258	350	37	1.35	1,212.60	1,175.60
TOTAL	3,994	3,374.35	1,414.1	0.84	18,771.80	17,357.70

Source: Bureau of Jail and Management Penology, Region IV-A, Calamba City, Laguna